Trends in population size and reproduction of Black-throated Loon and Red-throated Loon in Sweden



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- 1. "PROJEKT LOM" in Sweden
- 2. BLACK-THROATED LOON (*Gavia arctica*)

 Trends in population size

 Trends in reproduction
- 2. RED-THROATED LOON (*Gavia stellata*)

 Trends in population size

 Trends in reproduction

Data sources

- Surveys of breeding success, 1994-2012 (Projekt LOM), http://www.projekt-lom.com/lom.invres.htm
- Swedish Bird Survey (Svensk Fågeltaxering), http://www.zoo.ekol.lu.se/birdmonitoring/arsrapporter.htm



Projekt LOM

- → Started in 1994
- → Common initiative by the Swedish Society for Nature Conservation (Svenska Naturskyddsföreningen, SNF) och BirdLife Sweden (Sveriges Ornitologiska Förening, SOF)
- → Independent NGO since 2001



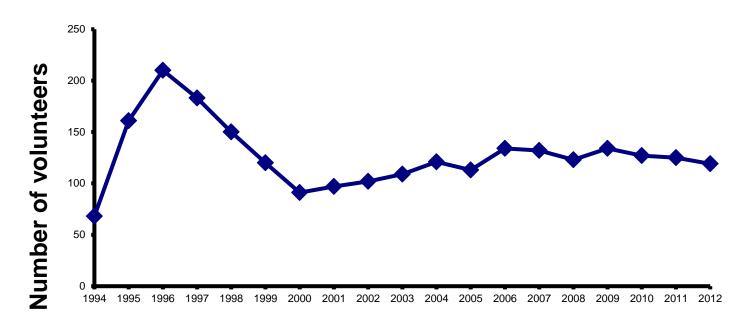
Projekt LOM

- → More than 400 volunteers have contributed with reports during at least one year since the start in 1994.
- → During recent years ca 125 persons have been active in the volunteer network
- → In addition, check against the bird reporting database, Artportalen / SVALAN



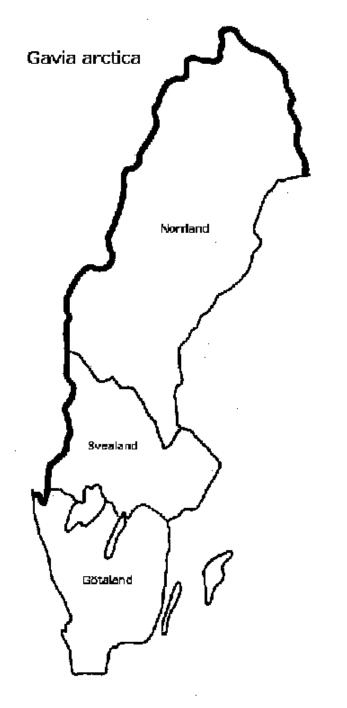
Projekt LOM

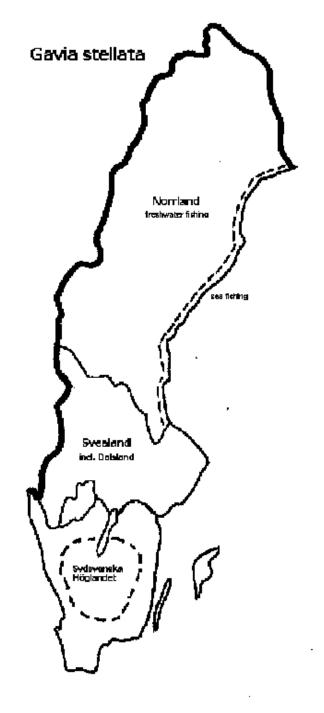
- Number of volunteers are declining
- → Volunteers are getting older many have reported for several years - difficult to recruit younger people



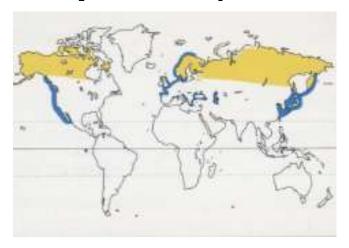
Black-throated Loon (Gavia arctica)

Photo: Christer Brostam



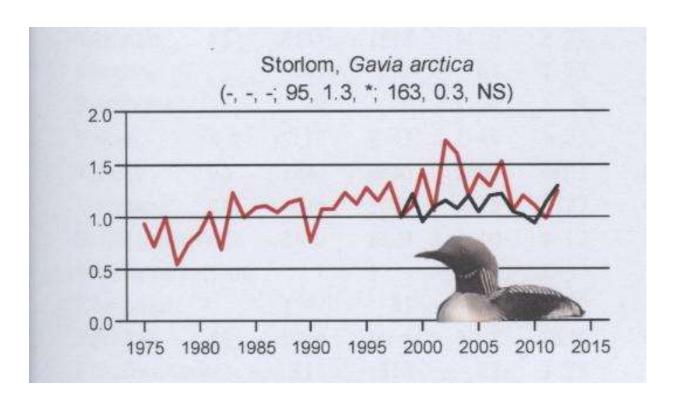


Black-throated Loon (*Gavia arctica*) Pacific Loon (*Gavia pacifica*)



		Trend
World population		
G.a.arctica (inkl. G.a. suchkini)	86 000 - 162 000 pairs	-
G.a. viridigularis	25 000 - 1 000 000 pairs	?
G. pacifica	300 000 - 530 000 pairs	0
Europe (excl. Russia)	16 000 - 22 000 pairs	0
Sweden, Finland, Norway	15 500 – 21 500 pairs – 97 %	+ = Sweden, Finland - = Norway
Sweden	5 500 – 7 000 pairs – 33 %	0/+

Black-throated Loon (*Gavia arctica*) Population trend in Sweden (Swedish Bird Survey)



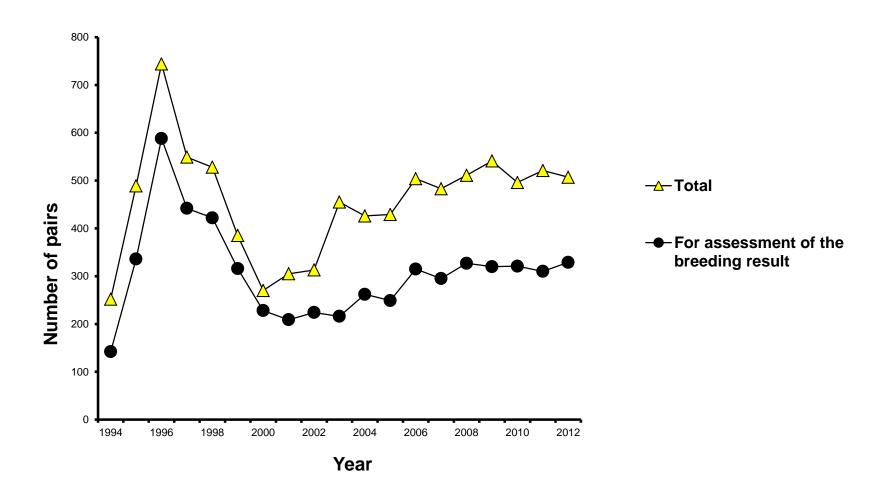
- Longterm increase since mid-1970s
- Indication of levelling-out during last 10-15 years

Black-throated Loon (*Gavia arctica*) Number of reported pairs

Total number of localiased breeding lakes (lakes with territory-holding pairs at least once during 1994-2012):

- ca 2200 lakes = ca 9 % of all lakes >10 ha
- ca 2800 pairs = ca 45 % of the breeding population.
- Ca 7 % of the Swedish population have been covered on an annual basis during 2003-12, 400-500 pairs
- Ca 60 % with enough information to be included in the annual assessments of breeding success

Black-throated Loon (*Gavia arctica*) Breeding success - number of reported pairs

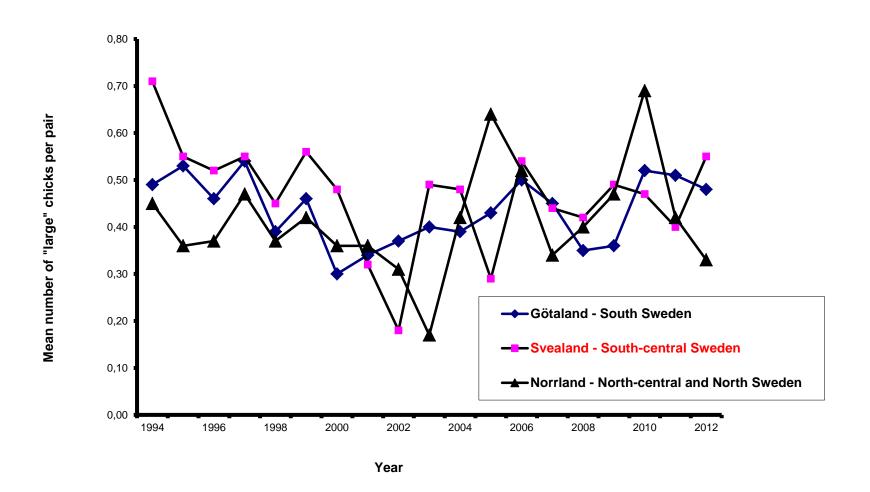


Black-throated Loon (*Gavia arctica*) Breeding results

0.42-0.46 "large" chicks per pair and year

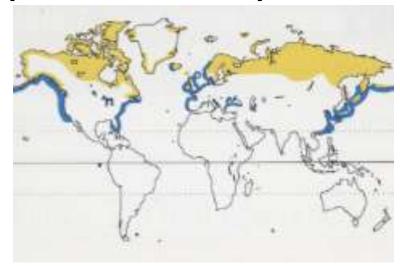
- Same level in whole Sweden
- Recruitment enough to compensate for annual mortality
- Indication on decresing trend for Svealand (South-central Sweden, Spearman rs = -0.39, 0.05<P<0.10, 19 years) linked to decresed % of 2-chick broods
- → separate talk on that.....

Black-throated Loon (*Gavia arctica*) Breeding result



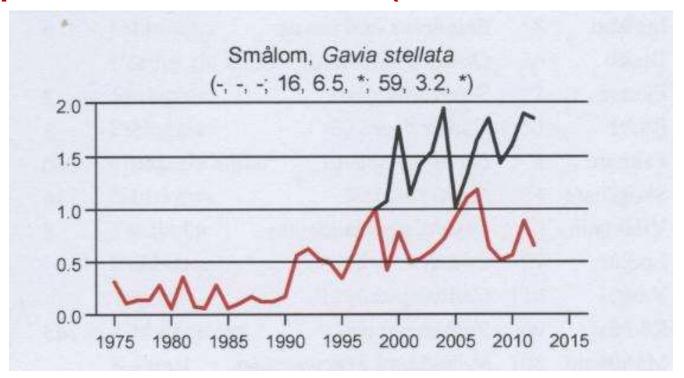
Red-throated Loon (Gavia stellata)

Red-throated Loon (Gavia stellata)



		Trend
World population thereof North America	70 000 – 200 000 pairs ca 40 000 pairs	0 = Europe, Asia - = North America
Europe (excl. Russia)	7 100 - 12 000 pairs	0
Sweden, Finland, Norway	4 200 – 8 000 pairs – 64 %	0 / + = Sweden - = Norway, Finland
Sweden	1 300 – 1 900 pairs – 17 %	+ = North Sweden - = South Sweden

Red-throated Loon (*Gavia arctica*) Population trend in Sweden (Swedish Bird Survey)



- Long-term increase since mid-1970s, related to northern Sweden
- Non-significant indication of decline in southern Sweden

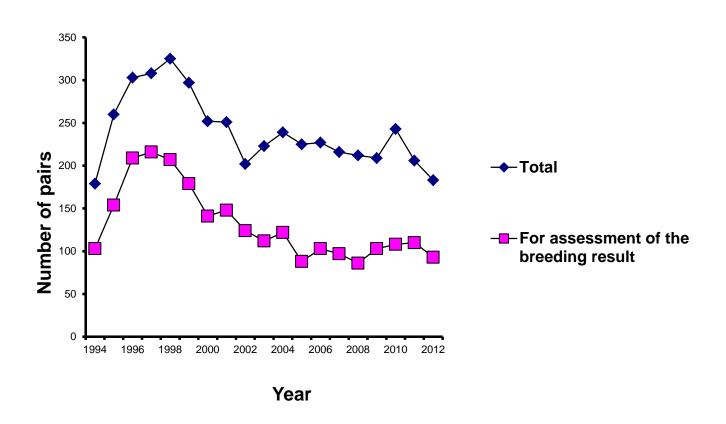
Red-throated Loon (*Gavia stellata*) Number of reported pairs

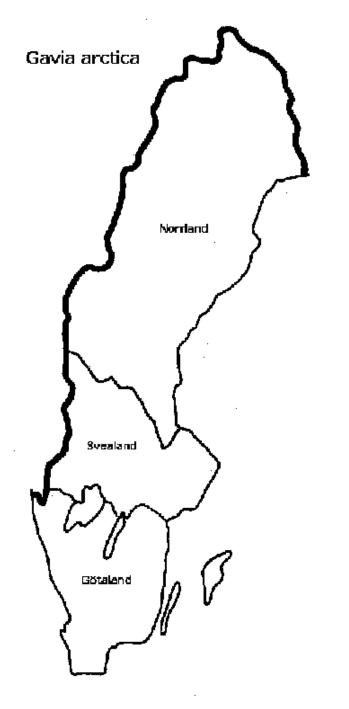
Total number of localiased breeding sites (with breeding pairs at least once during 1994-2012):

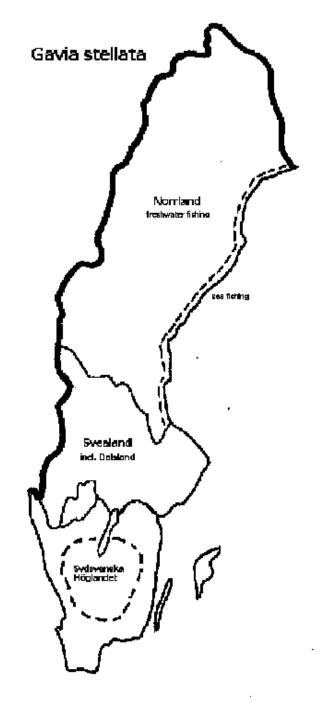
ca 1200 sites = ca 75 % of the breeding population.

- ca 12 % of the Swedish population have been covered on an annual basis during 2003-12, ca 200 pairs
- ca 50 % with enough information to be included in the annual assessments of breeding success

Red-throated Loon (*Gavia stellata*) Breeding succes - number of reported pairs







Red-throated Loon (*Gavia stellata*) Breeding results – Southern Sweden

Sydsvenska Höglandet (South Sweden)

- 0.69 "large" chicks per pair and year
- Presumably too low to compensate for annaual mortality
- Decresing trend (Spearman rs = -0.55, P<0.02, 19 years) linked to decresed % of 2-chick broods → separate talk on that.....

Svealand + Dalsland (South-central Sweden)

- 0.69 "large" chicks per pair and year
- Presumably too low to compensate for annaual mortality
- No trend no decresed % of 2-chick broods
 - → Non-significant indication of population decline in southern Sweden

Red-throated Loon (*Gavia stellata*) Breeding results – Northern Sweden

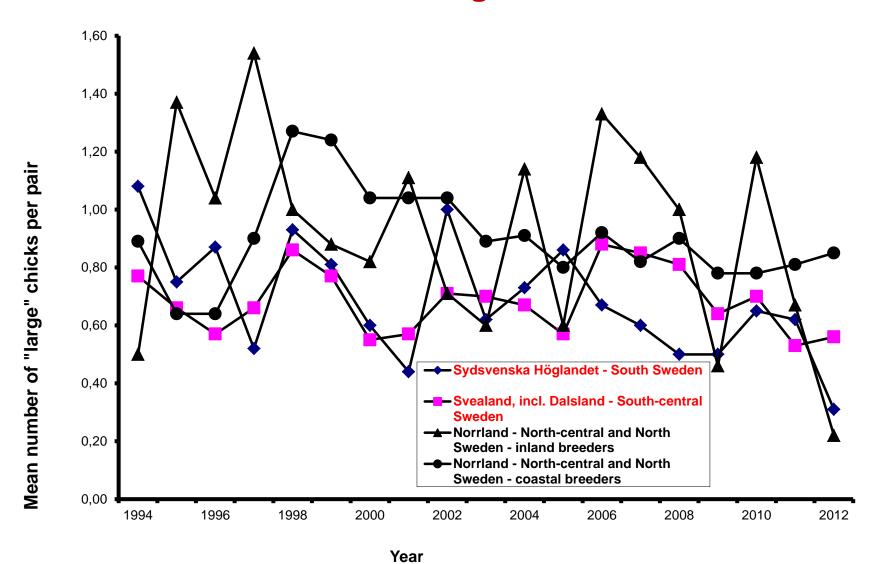
Inland breeders (foraging in freshwater lakes)

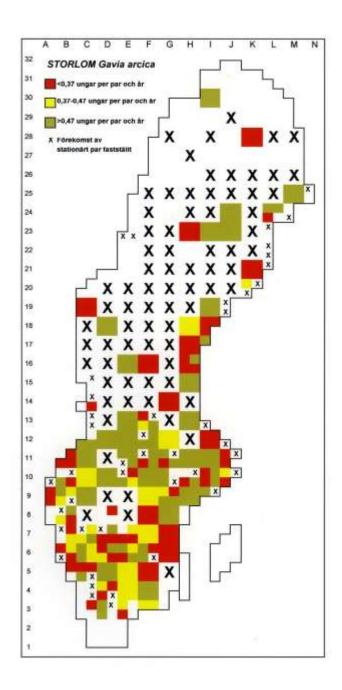
- 0.91 "large" chicks per pair and year
- Presumably sufficient to compensate for annaual mortality
- No trend no decresed % of 2-chick broods

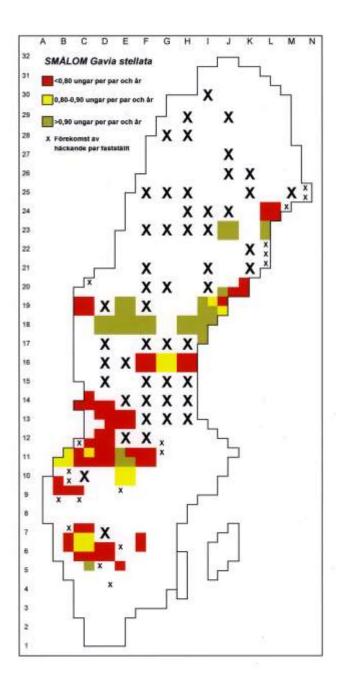
Coastal breeders (upto 10 km from the coast – foraging in marine habitats)

- 0.90 "large" chicks per pair and year
- Presumably sufficient to compensate for annaual mortality
- No trend no decresed % of 2-chick broods
- → Long-term population increase in Northern Sweden

Red-throated Loon (*Gavia stellata*) Breeding result







To summarize

BLACK-THROATED LOON (Gavia arctica)

- Long-term increase of population size, might have levelled off during the last 10-15 years.
- Recruitment enough to compensate for annual mortality, but ...
- Decresing trend for Svealand (South-central Sweden) linked to decresed % of 2-chick broods → separate talk on that.....

RED-THROATED LOON (Gavia stellata)

- Long-term increase of population size in northern Sweden, indication of decline in southern Sweden.
- Recruitment enough to compensate for annual mortality in Northern Sweden not in Southern Sweden
- Decresing trend for Sydsvenska Höglandet (South Sweden) linked to decresed % of 2-chick broods → separate talk on that.....

THANK YOU